1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name: MOLYKOTE P-37 ANTISEIZE PASTE
Synonym(s): NSN: XXXX-01-446-2164

02322374 - MANUFACTURER'S CODE • MOLYKOTE P 37 ANTISEIZE PASTE • MOLYKOTE P37 ANTISEIZE PASTE

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s): LUBRICANT

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier name: DOW CORNING AUSTRALIA PTY LTD
Address: Darling Park, Tower 2 Level 20, 201 Sussex Street, Sydney, NSW, Australia, 2000
Telephone: 1300 360 732
Fax: (02) 9847 4111
Email: dowcorning1@mailpc.custhelp.com
Website: http://www.dowcorning.com.au

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency: 1300 360 732

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA

GHS Classification(s): Serious Eye Damage / Eye Irritation: Category 1

2.2 Label elements

Signal word: DANGER

Pictograms: 

Hazard statement(s): H318 Causes serious eye damage.
Prevention statement(s): P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response statement(s): P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

2.3 Other Hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>EC number</th>
<th>Content</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)</td>
<td>8042-47-5</td>
<td>232-455-8</td>
<td>30 - 60%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CALCIUM HYDROXIDE</td>
<td>1305-62-0</td>
<td>215-137-3</td>
<td>10 - 30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GRAPHITE</td>
<td>7782-42-5</td>
<td>231-955-3</td>
<td>10 - 30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ZIRCONIUM OXIDE</td>
<td>1314-23-4</td>
<td>215-227-2</td>
<td>10 - 30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SILICON DIOXIDE</td>
<td>7631-86-9</td>
<td>231-545-4</td>
<td>&lt;10%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This report was compiled based on the SDS dated 06 Oct 2015
Product name: MOLYKOTE P-37 ANTI-SEIZE PASTE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>EC number</th>
<th>Content</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NON HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS</td>
<td>Not Available</td>
<td>Not Available</td>
<td>remainder</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye: If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation: If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin: If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water. Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Ingestion: For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If swallowed, do not induce vomiting.

First aid facilities: No information provided.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No information provided.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Dry agent, carbon dioxide or foam. Prevent contamination of drains and waterways.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. May evolve carbon oxides and hydrocarbons when heated to decomposition. May evolve metal oxides, silicon oxides and formaldehyde when heated to decomposition.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Ventilate area where possible.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then cover/absorb spill with non-combustible absorbent material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect and place in suitable containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.
Product name

MOLYKOTE P-37 ANTISEIZE PASTE

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling
Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances, heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Check regularly for leaks or spills. Large storage areas should have appropriate fire protection systems.

7.3 Specific end use(s)
No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/ PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Reference</th>
<th>TWA ppm</th>
<th>TWA mg/m³</th>
<th>STEL ppm</th>
<th>STEL mg/m³</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Calcium hydroxide</td>
<td>SWA (AUS)</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fumed silica (respirable dust)</td>
<td>SWA (AUS)</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graphite (all forms except fibres)</td>
<td>SWA (AUS)</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mineral Oil Mist</td>
<td>SWA (AUS)</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zirconium compounds (as Zr)</td>
<td>SWA (AUS)</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Biological limits
No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering Controls
Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Maintain vapour levels below the recommended exposure standard.

PPE

Eye/Face
Wear splash-proof goggles.

Hand
Wear PVC or rubber gloves. With prolonged use, wear viton (R) or nitrile gloves.

Body
When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear coveralls.

Respiratory
Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Type A (Organic vapour) respirator.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>GREY PASTE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>ODOURLESS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour Threshold</td>
<td>NOT AVAILABLE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability</td>
<td>COMBUSTIBLE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash Point</td>
<td>NOT AVAILABLE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling Point</td>
<td>NOT AVAILABLE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting Point</td>
<td>NOT AVAILABLE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation Rate</td>
<td>NOT AVAILABLE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>NOT AVAILABLE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific Gravity</td>
<td>1.21</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Product name: MOLYKOTE P-37 ANTISEIZE PASTE

Solubility (water) NOT AVAILABLE
Vapour Density NOT AVAILABLE
Vapour Pressure NOT AVAILABLE
Upper Explosion Limit NOT AVAILABLE
Lower Explosion Limit NOT AVAILABLE
Partition Coefficient NOT AVAILABLE
Autoignition Temperature NOT AVAILABLE
Decomposition Temperature NOT AVAILABLE
Viscosity NOT AVAILABLE
Explosive Properties NOT AVAILABLE
Oxidising Properties NOT AVAILABLE

9.2 Other information
No information provided.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity
Carefully review all information in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability
Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
Polymerization will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid
Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials
Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites), acids (e.g. nitric acid), alkalis (e.g. sodium hydroxide), heat and ignition sources.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
May evolve carbon oxides and hydrocarbons when heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin
Contact may result in drying and defatting of the skin, rash and dermatitis.

Eye
Irritating to the eyes. Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain and redness.

Mutagenicity
Not classified as a mutagen.

Carcinogenicity
Not classified as a carcinogen. Highly refined mineral oils are not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity in humans (IARC Group 3).

Reproductive
Not classified as a reproductive toxin.

STOT - single exposure
Not classified as causing organ damage from single exposure. Due to product form / nature of use, an inhalation hazard is not anticipated with normal use. However, if product is heated or mists generated, exposure may result in respiratory irritation, headache and nausea.

STOT - repeated exposure
Not classified as causing organ damage from repeated exposure.

Aspiration
Not classified as causing aspiration.

Sensitisation
Not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation.
12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity
No information provided.

12.2 Persistence and degradability
No information provided.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential
No information provided.

12.4 Mobility in soil
No information provided.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
No information provided.

12.6 Other adverse effects
Mineral oils biodegrade slowly and should not be released to waterways or soil. They can float on water, restricting oxygen exchange with possible asphyxiation of aquatic life.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods
Waste disposal
For large volumes, mix with flammable solvent and incinerate at approved facility. May be recycled. Avoid contamination of drains or waterways. Contact the manufacturer/supplier for additional information (if required).

Legislation
Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Land Transport (ADG)</th>
<th>Sea Transport (IMDG/IMO)</th>
<th>Air Transport (IATA/ICAO)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>14.1 UN number</td>
<td>None Allocated</td>
<td>None Allocated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.2 UN proper shipping name</td>
<td>None Allocated</td>
<td>None Allocated</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

14.3 Transport hazard classes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DG Class</th>
<th>Subsidiary risk(s)</th>
<th>14.4 Packing group</th>
<th>14.5 Environmental hazards</th>
<th>14.6 Special precautions for user</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>None Allocated</td>
<td>None Allocated</td>
<td>None Allocated</td>
<td>None Allocated</td>
<td>Hazchem Code: None Allocated</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
Poison schedule
A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications
Xi - Irritant

Risk phrases
R41: Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Safety phrases
S26: In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice
S39: Wear eye/face protection.
MOLYKOTE P-37 ANTISEIZE PASTE

S60: This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)
All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment
No information provided.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information
MINERAL OILS - SOLVENT REFINED: Animal experiments and human experience have not shown cancer risks when handling solvent refined mineral oils, unlike non refined mineral oils. CLEANING MINERAL OIL CONTAMINATED CLOTHING: Cleaners are advised that when cleaning oil contaminated clothing it is essential that freshly distilled solvent is used for each batch, including final rinse, as even filtered solvent will leave oil residues.

MINERAL OILS - INJECTION: Where high pressure applications are used the risk of accidental injection under the skin exists and may result in an extremely painful and serious injury requiring immediate medical attention. Depending on the pressure used, mineral oils may be injected a considerable distance below the skin and may cause permanent tissue damage. SEEK IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION. EXERCISE EXTREME CARE WHEN USING HIGH PRESSURE EQUIPMENT.

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:
It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:
The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

Abbreviations
ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds
CNS Central Nervous System
EC No. EC No - European Community Number
EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous Goods)
GHS Globally Harmonized System
GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration
LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose
mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit
pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline).
ppm Parts Per Million
STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit
MOLYKOTE P-37 ANTISEIZE PASTE

STOT-RE  Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE  Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)
SUSMP   Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons
SWA     Safe Work Australia
TLV     Threshold Limit Value
TWA     Time Weighted Average

Report Status

This ChemAlert report has been independently compiled by RMT’s scientific department utilising the original Safety Data Sheet (“SDS”) for the product provided to RMT by the manufacturer. The information is based on the latest chemical and toxicological research and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. It is an independent collation by RMT of information obtained from the original SDS for this product. Its content has not been authorised or verified by the manufacturer / distributor of the chemical to which it relates.

This ChemAlert report does not constitute the manufacturer’s original SDS and is not intended to be a replacement for same. It is provided to subscribers of ChemAlert as a reference tool only, is not all-inclusive and does not represent any guarantee as to the properties of the product. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this ChemAlert report, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this ChemAlert report.

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End of Report